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Observational drawing Syllabus\Course outline

The course "Observational drawing" is dedicated to those who need a basic knowledge in shaping three-dimensional space in two-dimensional works. The outline is designed to make smooth transition from simple geometric shapes into portraits and figure drawings. The skills obtained during the course will significantly help students to create their art works in general and improve their figure studies in particular.

The course outcomes:

Students will learn how to:

- 1. Effectively use the space within a list, applying the basic principles of composition, searching the most expressive and effective silhouette of the image
- 2. Draw objects close to their actual appearance by catching the right proportions and understanding the internal structure of the depicted objects
- 3. Do not copy or depend on the model, but rather use model (does not matter if it is a person or inanimate object) as a material for creative and interpretive drawings, being able to draw convincingly from memory and imagination

During the course students will cover the following subjects:

- 1. Principles of composition
- 2. Perspective (linear and atmospheric)
- 3. Proportions
- 4. Effective way of drawing from general shapes into the details and not otherwise
- 5. Shading that creates volume and depth

Through drawing the following in a given order:

- 1. Geometric shapes
- 2. Simple objects and still life (combinations of two or three)
- 3. More complicated objects and still life (combinations of one complicated and few simple ones)

- 4. Parts of face
- 5. The skull
- 6. Hudon's Head
- 7. Plaster Heads
- 8. Portrait
- 9. Gestures
- 10. Human figure

The course fee:

	<u>members</u>	Non-members
Full course (20	300	350
classes)		
4 classes (any classes	80	90
from		
the course except		
human figure section)		
Human figure section	120	140
(4 classes)		
Drop in (any class	25	30
from the course except		
human figure section)		
Drop in for human	40	45
figure section		

All of the participants are allowed to attend only one chosen section or even only one chosen class. However, it is highly recommended, especially for those who are not quiet experienced yet, to attend all the sections in a given order as long as the course is designed to gradually develop student's skills through completing all the assignments, from the most basic ones to more complicated. The fundamental knowledge about shaping the volume, obtained while drawing geometric shapes and simple objects, will make the transition into portrait and figure drawing significantly smoother.

Resource materials:

- 1. pencils from 8B to 2B
- 2. Thick paper
- 3. Office paper
- 4. Soft materials: charcoal, sanguine, pastel etc.

The sections of the course are:

- 1. Geometric shapes and still life
- 2. Parts of face
- 3. Skull and Plaster casts (preparation for the portrait)
- 4. Portrait
- 5. Human Figure

The course calendar

November 17-	Geometric Shapes and	Subjects covered
December 8 2013	Simple objects	
November 17	Geometric Shapes	composition within the
November 24	Simple objects	list, construction of
December 1	More complicated objects	geometric shapes,
December 8	Realistic drawing from the	linear and atmospheric
	imagination	perspective,
		chiaroscuro
December 15 2013-	Parts of face	
January 5 2014		
December 15	Eye	Anatomy of given parts
December 22	Lips	of face; variations,
December 29	Nose	physiognomic,
January 5	Ear	
10		
January 12 -	Skull and Plaster casts	
E 1 0 0 0 4 4		
February 2 2014	(preparation for the	
	portrait)	A
January 12	portrait) Skull	Anatomy and structure
January 12 January 19	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head	of the head;
January 12 January 19 January 26	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head Plaster Head	
January 12 January 19	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head	of the head;
January 12 January 19 January 26 February 2	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head Plaster Head Plaster Head	of the head;
January 12 January 19 January 26	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head Plaster Head	of the head;
January 12 January 19 January 26 February 2 February 9 - March 2	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head Plaster Head Plaster Head	of the head;
January 12 January 19 January 26 February 2 February 9 - March 2 2014	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head Plaster Head Plaster Head Portrait	of the head; proportions; Anatomy and structure of Head, proportions,
January 12 January 19 January 26 February 2 February 9 - March 2 2014 February 9	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head Plaster Head Plaster Head Portrait Female portrait	of the head; proportions; Anatomy and structure
January 12 January 19 January 26 February 2 February 9 - March 2 2014 February 9 February 16	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head Plaster Head Plaster Head Portrait Female portrait Female portrait	of the head; proportions; Anatomy and structure of Head, proportions,
January 12 January 19 January 26 February 2 February 9 - March 2 2014 February 9 February 16 February 23	portrait) Skull Hudon's Head Plaster Head Plaster Head Portrait Female portrait Female portrait Male portrait	of the head; proportions; Anatomy and structure of Head, proportions, Differences between

March 9 - March 30	Human Figure	
March 9	Male figure	Basic anatomy,
March 16	Male figure	proportions, sense of
March 23	Female figure	weight, Differences
March 30	Female figure	between female and
		male figures;

The course content:

1. Geometric shapes and still life

Geometric shapes

Subjects covered: composition within the list, the construction of the geometric shapes, linear perspective, shading;

Assignments:

- a. make a few thumbnails from different angles of the composition of geometric shapes in order to find the best arrangenet (after group discussion and choosing three best ones from every student)
- b. develop those three thumbnails into three linear drawings showing the internal structure of the geometric figures 15 minutes for each one (after the group discussion and choosing one best linear drawing from each student)
- c. apply gentle shading into this tonal drawing in order to create volume (45 minutes)
- d. draw imaginary architechture consisting of geometric shapes out of your imagination

Simple objects and still life (combinations of two or three);

Subjects covered: atmospheric perspective, silhouette, more about composition

Assignments:

- a. sketches in order to divide objects into a few geometric shapes
- b. cutting the silhouette out of coloured paper (without outlining anything with pencil or pen) and sticking it into another paper instead of thumbnails, the exercise helps to develop the sense of the most effective composition within the list.
- c. Three accurate drawings from different angles according to the principles of linear and atmospheric perspective.

More complicated objects and still life (combinations of one complicated and few simple ones)

Subjects covered: the effective way of drawing – from general shapes into the details and not otherwise

Assignments:

- a. thumbnails from different angles
- b. group drawings: each drawing is going to be done by three students. At the beginning all of the students are placed around the still life and first 15 minute they all arrnge the composition and check the proportions of the big parts. After this all of them switch their places clockwise and continue their classmate drawing. For the following 15 minutes they ork on the dividing the object into simple geometric shapes, drawing the internal structure, altering the proportions. Then switch again and add shading and little details for the following 15 minutes.
- c. Drawing complicated object out of imagination

2. <u>Plaster casts of the parts of the face (four lessons; one for the each part: eye, ear, nose, mouth)</u>

Subjects covered: general anatomy of the given part

Assignments:

a.simultaneous sketches from different angles. All the participants are sitting around the plaster cast. Every five minutes the instructor turns the cast 45 degrees clockwise. Students sturt by catching the proportions of each of the eight drawings they are working on, continue each by edding the structural elements and finish them with shading and a little bit of the most important details.

b. Two accurate drawings from different angles, 45 minutes each

3. Skull and Plaster casts (preparation for the portrait)

The skull

Subjects covered: the proportions of the scull, the anatomy etc

Assignments:

a. sketches from different angles

- b. three structural drawings from three different angles trying to capture the most important shapes
- c. sketches from each other in order to find the skull structure. The task is design in order to help students to apply their anatomical knowledge into their drawings.

Hudon's Head

Subjects covered: Hudon's Head, its history and why it is helpful for the understanding of the structure of human's head.

Assignments:

- a. sketches of the Hudon's Head from different angles
- b. sketches from the model trying to find the surfaces from the Hudon's Head,
- c. three drawings of the model's portrait, applying knowledge about the skull and the surfaces from Hudon's Head.

Plaster Heads (2 classes for male and female head)

Subjects covered: a little bit of art history about the given head and proportions from the classic greek sculptures

Assignments:

- a. sketches of the head from different angles,
- b. blind contour drawing
- c. accurate study of the head (60 min)

4. Portrait (four classes: two with a male and two with female model)

Subjects covered: reminding the previously discussed subjects, such as composition, proportions, the effective way to draw, the anatomy of the head

Assignment:

- a. sketches from different angles
- b. draw a head according to the knowledge about the scull and the surfaces from Hudon's Head
- c. Draw a caricature of the model, trying to capture the most characteristic features of her or his head
- d. Draw exactly what you see
- e. Draw stylized portrait
- f. Draw one accurate realistic, three-dimensional portrait

5. Figure drawing

Male and Female figure drawings (2 classes for each)

Subjects covered: proportions, sense of weight, gravity, the main principles and techniques of gesture drawings

Assignments:

- a. Blind contour drawing
- b. Drawing from memory: one minute observation of the model followed one minute of drawing from memory
- c. Gesture drawings using different materials
- d. 15 minutes group sketches
- e. Three 45-minutes studies from different angles
- f. One accurate drawing to show friends (3 hours)

Examples of my drawings:

















